MODULE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY				
PROGRAM COURSE	INFORMATICS				
LEVEL OF STUDY	UNDERGRADUATE				
MODULE CODE	PLI-36 YEAR OF STUDY 4 th				
MODULE TITLE	Advanced Networks and Services				
in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		HOURS	CREDIS		
Weekly	teaching hours * 32 weeks		16-18	20 ECTS	
COURSE TYPE Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development	Scientific exp	oertise, Optiona	al		
PREREQUISITE MODULES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMS	GREEK				
THE MODULE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No (due to annual duration of the module)				
MODULE WEBSITE (URL)	https://www.eap.gr/education/undergraduate/computer-science/topics/#sinxrona_diktia Each module has its own space in the Learning Management System of EAP (http://study.eap.gr), with controlled access (use of				
	code) for students and teaching staff.				

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

• The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

The first pilar refers to a generic networks knowledge consisting in:

- IP and TCP networking protocols
- Ethernet networks
- Interconnection of networks with switches and routers

- IP packet analysis focusing on the concepts of segmentation and addressing.
- IPv6 and IPsec protocols.
- Basic procedures and the basic routing algorithms (such as Bellman Ford and Dijkstra), intra-sectoral (RIP and OSPF) and cross-sectoral routing (BGP).

Regarding the second pila of basic network design, the students:

- will know how to utilize the different types of networks, the basic network architectures and the corresponding design tools.
- will know the basic network analysis captured by M/M/, M/G/1 and Erlang models.
- will understand concepts such as bridging, minimum overlapping tree, shortest path and capacity allocation based on flows.

With the successful completion of the third axis, i.e., advance network beyond IP design and services, the students:

- will acquire knowledge about photonics, wireless, mobile and satellite networks.
- will gain knowledge about services application frameworks.

It is important to note that the three pillars of theoretical background is complemented by learning how to handle appropriate open source tools related with network design and analysis.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate Project planning and management Respect for diversity and multiculturalism

technologies, Environmental awareness

Adapting to new situations Social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Decision-making sensitivity to gender issues

Individual/Independent work Critical thinking

Group/Team work Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment (Other......citizenship, spiritual freedom, social

Introduction of innovative research awareness, altruism etc.)

Application of knowledge in practice

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Individual/Independent work

Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

3. MODULE CONTENT

PLI36 offers both basic and advanced knowledge of networks and services related to three main axes: The first axis focuses on the pure network part, as illustrated by the IP and TCP protocols. In this context, the offered knowledge covers Ethernet and operating structural principles, network interconnection with switches and routers, IP packet analysis, basic concepts of partitioning and addressing, IPv6 and IPsec protocols, processes and of basic routing algorithms (such as Bellman-Ford and Dijkstra), intra-sectoral (RIP and OSPF) and cross-sectoral routing (BGP). The second axis deals with network design issues starting with network types, basic architectures and corresponding design tools for loss and latency analysis, the M / M /, M / G / 1, and Erlang models, the basic graph algorithms, bridging, minimum shortest tree, shortest path, and flow capacity allocation. The third axis extends knowledge beyond IP networks to other types of networks and services, with an emphasis on photonics, wireless, mobile and satellite networks. Moreover, it covers broader issues related to the development tools for networks and telecommunications services. The above three axes are accompanied by practical training in appropriate open source tools that complement the theoretical knowledge.

Training topics are:

- 1. Computer Networks II (protocols, standards, Interfaces)
- 2. New directions of networks and services (mobile, photonic)
- 3. Network design issues

4. TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

Workshop, Interactive teaching,

MODES OF DELIVERY	Distance education with five Group Counseling			
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing,	Meetings (OSS) during the academic year on			
distance teaching and distance	weekends.			
learning etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	We use :			
COMMUNICATION	Remote meetings tools (skype for business),			
TECHNOLOGY	Presentation software (e.g. power point),			
Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory	Open source software tools in the subjects under			
Education, Communication with	training			
students				
	Additionally, the students use office automation tools, web browsers and e-reader for digital books.			
	web browsers and e-reader	for digital books.		
MODULE DESIGN	web browsers and e-reader	for digital books.		
Description of teaching	web browsers and e-reader Activity	for digital books. Annual Workload		
Description of teaching techniques, practices and				
Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars,	Activity	Annual Workload		
Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork,	Activity 5 OSS (* 4 hours)	Annual Workload 20		
Description of teaching techniques, practices and methods: Lectures, seminars,	Activity 5 OSS (* 4 hours) Preparation of	Annual Workload 20		

Individual study

512

Educational	visits,	projects,	Essay
writing, Artis	stic cre	ativity, et	С

Total module workload (hours) 576

The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of selfdirected study are given following the principles of the ECTS.

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS

Detailed description of the evaluation procedures.

Language of evaluation, assessment methods, formative or summative (conclusive), multiple choice tests, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral exam, presentation, laboratory work, other.....etc.

Specifically defined evaluation criteria are stated, as well as if and where they are accessible by the students

Elaboration of written assignments during the academic year, the average of the grades of which participates in the formation of the final grade of module by 30%, if there is a passable in the final or repetitive examinations. In the final written exams the grade of the written assignments participates in the formation of the final grade of module by 70%.

All the criteria are posted, both in each written assignment (in the LMS study.eap.gr), as well as in the general regulation of HOU at: https://www.eap.gr/education/study-regulations/

(6) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

HOU Publications:

Volume A: Computer Networks II, EAP, Patra 2005.

Volume B: New Directions of Networks and Services, EAP, Patra 2002.

Volume C: Network Design Issues, EAP, Patra 2005.

Additional digital material (and multimedia) is available through study platform.

- -Related scientific Journals:
- 1) IEEE Network The Magazine of Global Internetworking
- 2) IEEE Communications Magazine
- 3) IEEE Wireless Communications Magazine